

Lecture 6

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Previously in Opt 2 ...

The maximum-flow and the minimum-cut problems

Maxflow

- Input
 - $G = (N, E)$, a directed graph
 - The node set N contains:
 - A source node, s
 - A sink node, t
 - u_{ij} = edge capacity; $u_{ij} \geq 0$
- Objective:
To maximize net flow into t ,
subject to constraints:
 - Capacity constraints
 - Flow conservation constraints:
Net flow out of node $i = 0$
(for each node i in N , except s and t)

Mincut

- Input
 - $G = (N, E)$, a directed graph
 - The node set N contains:
 - A source node, s
 - A sink node, t
 - u_{ij} = edge capacity; $u_{ij} \geq 0$
- Objective: To find a cut with minimum cut capacity.
 - A cut: A partition of N into sets (S, T) , where S contains the source and T contains the sink
 - Capacity of the cut (S, T) is
the sum of capacities of edges that go from S to T :

$$\sum_{\substack{(i,j) \in E, \text{ s.t.} \\ i \in S, j \in T}} u_{ij}$$

The Ford-Fulkerson method

0. Find an initial feasible solution (flow)
1. Consider the current solution, x .
Construct a residual graph, G_x .
2. Using the labeling algorithm, try to find an augmenting path in G_x . Then,
If there is an augmenting path,
 then use this path to improve the flow.
If there is no augmenting path,
 then x is optimal. We're done! (A cut whose capacity is equal to the flow value is found.)

Finding an augmenting path (Finding nodes reachable from s)

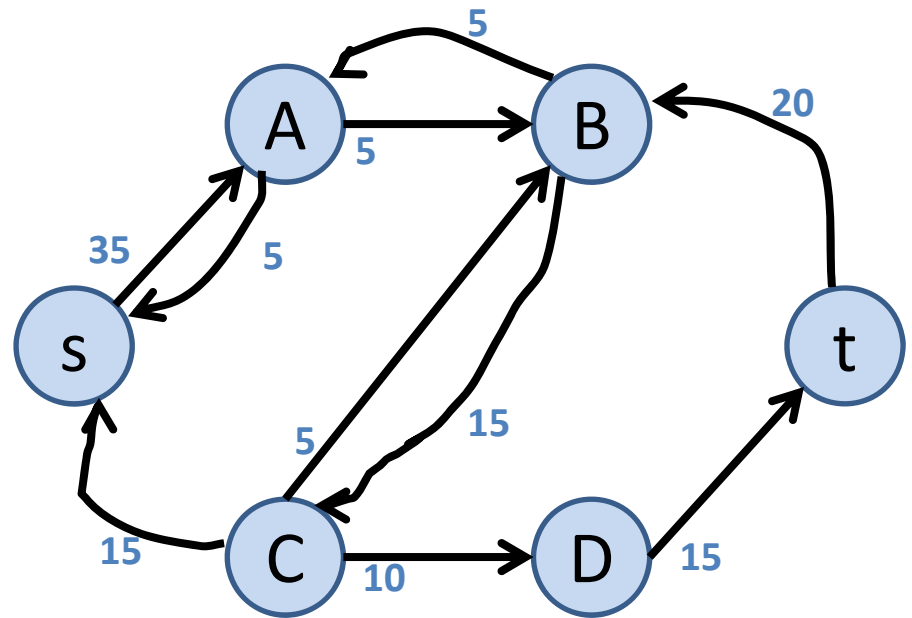
A labeling algorithm:

List of “checked” nodes: $L = \{s\}$

While L is not empty:

- Take the first node off the list L , suppose it's node i .
- For each edge (i, j) out of i , if j is unchecked, check it and add j to the list L . Highlight the edge.
- (repeat)

Residual graph for $x^{(2)}$, $G_{x^{(2)}}$



Finding an augmenting path

(Finding nodes reachable from s)

A labeling algorithm:

List of “checked” nodes: $L = \{s\}$

While L is not empty:

- Take the first node off the list L , suppose it's node i .
- For each edge (i, j) out of i , if j is unchecked, check it and add j to the list L . Highlight the edge.
- (repeat)

At the end of the algorithm one of the following happens:

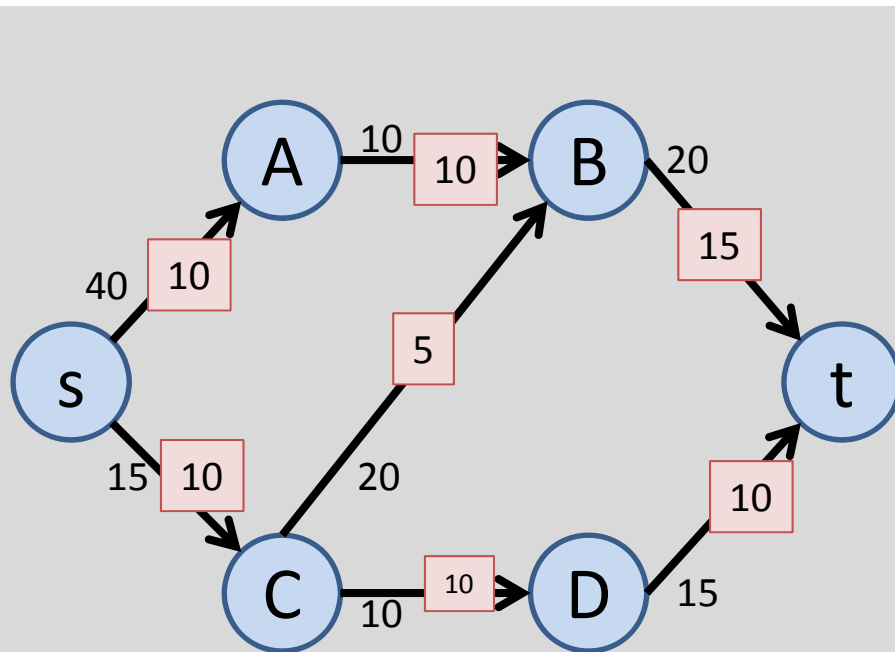
1. The algorithm stops, and node t is not “checked”.
Then, ...
2. The algorithm stops, and node t is “checked”.
Then, ...

Q1 (i>clicker)

Q1:

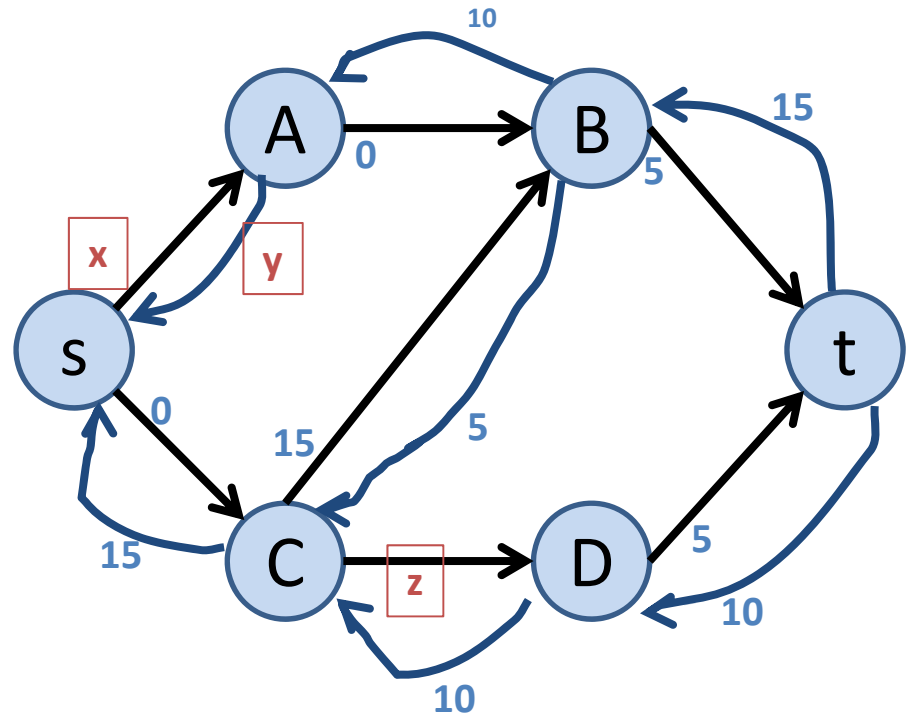
Complete the residual graph for $x^{(k)}$

Current solution, $x^{(k)}$



Flow value = 25

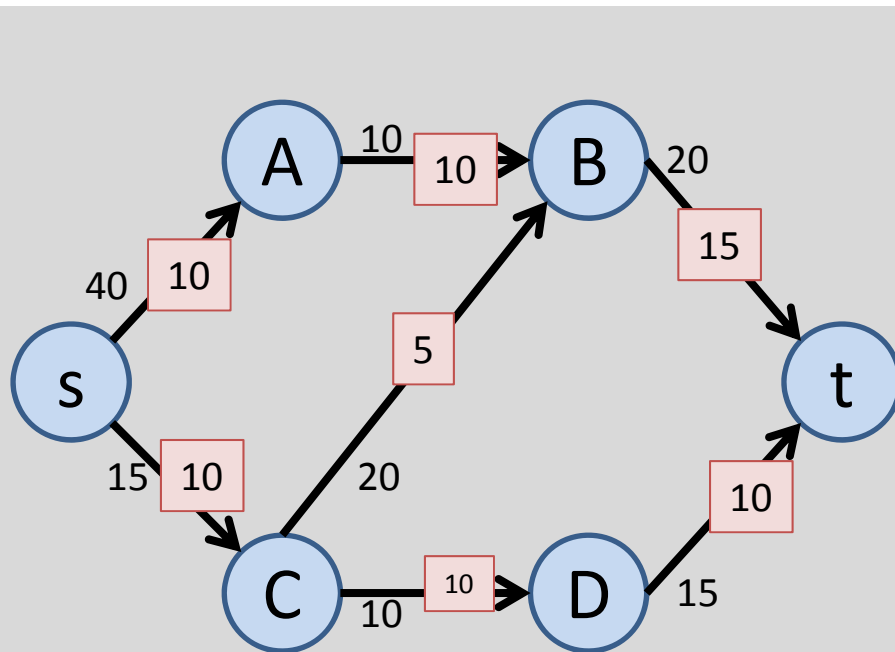
Residual graph for $x^{(k)}$, $G_{x^{(k)}}$



Q1:

Complete the residual graph for $x^{(k)}$

Current solution, $x^{(k)}$



Flow value = 25

Residual graph for $x^{(k)}$, $G_{x^{(k)}}$

