

## Problem Set 3

*Due Date: September 19, 2014*

1. Recall the maximum flow problem, and its dual as they were presented in class. We used the variables  $z_{uv}^*$  of an optimal dual solution to define  $cost(s, v)$  for each vertex  $v$ , and then defined the sets  $S_\rho = \{v : cost(s, v) \leq \rho\}$ , and showed that each  $S_\rho$  is an  $s$ - $t$  cut for  $0 \leq \rho < 1$ . We have also shown that, in any optimal dual solution  $z^*$ , at least one of the cuts  $S_\rho$  for some  $0 \leq \rho < 1$  defines a minimum cut by showing that the expected value  $E[n(S_\rho)] \leq \sum_{(u,v) \in A} z_{uv}^*$ . Show that all cuts  $S_\rho$  occurring with positive probability in the expectation must be minimum  $s$ - $t$  cuts for the graph.
2. (Carathéodory's theorem) Show that if  $x \in \mathfrak{R}^n$  is a convex combination of  $v_1, \dots, v_k$ , then it is also a convex combination of at most  $n + 1$  of these points.
3. Consider the polytope  $Q = conv(v_1, \dots, v_k)$  with  $v_i \in \mathfrak{R}^n$  for all  $i$ . Prove that for any objective function  $c \in \mathfrak{R}^n$ , there is some  $v_j$  such that  $c^T v_j \leq c^T x$  for all  $x \in Q$ .